# CAC CCMP Update Workshop-DRAFT NOTES

#### May 18, 2017

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# A. AGRICULTURE

- 1. Agriculture is largest landuse in watershed and should be the primary focus.
- 2. Buffers and cover crops are critical BMPs that need to be implemented on a larger scale
- 3. Placement of BMPs need to be targeted to make the most impact. Need to determine cost/benefit of location of BMPs
- 4. Need for holistic management of ag/tax ditches and irrigation. There is a need to move away from strictly draining the land. Fields are directly connected to ditches, which are directly connected to waterways
- 5. Historically there is predominance of 3 grain rotation. Is this best? Are there alternative crops that have similar nutrient needs? Suggestion to establish new agricultural markets

### **B. WASTEWATER**

- 1. Need to monitor the effectiveness of wastewater treatment plants. Identify the inputs, fate of nutrients, and finally nutrient loading to Bays from wastewater
- 2. Need an updated hydrodynamic model to determine loss of nutrients as traveling to the Bays
- 3. Establish nutrient market for trading/offsets
- 4. Continue conversion of septic systems to central sewer
- 5. New communities should not be allowed to be built unless on central sewer.
- 6. How can we enable low income residents to convert to central sewer? Is there potential to use pollution offsets (like Town of Lewes) to subsidize low income homes?

# C. STORMWATER

- 1. Existing stormwater facilities need to be regularly maintained. Although regulations require maintenance, there is a need for follow up from inspectors. The inspection authorities are understaffed to do this. Maybe work with SCD to implement an improved maintenance program?
- 2. Stormwater plans need to be managed more holistically. Don't permit new construction unless under TMDL.

# **D) LIVING RESOURCES**

1. Desire policy to encourage use of living shorelines over traditional, hardened shorelines.

- 2. Continued outreach and education on the importance of our variety of living resources.
- Better management of chemicals and fertilizers on lawns. Need to holistically manage lawns within HOAs. Livable Lawns needs to grow scope to Sussex County. Potentially establish a Bay friendly lawns program. In addition, a targeted outreach campaign can be for the disconnection of gutters and showers to Bays.

### **D) EDCUATION AND OUTREACH**

- 1. Need for general education on who is CIB and what do we accomplish?
- 2. Speakers Bureau needs direction. The desire for education and outreach is now on the micro-scale. Communities want to know about the waterway in their backyard. The Your Creek program is a great example of this, and should keep going.
- 3. Outreach needs to reach new audiences. There is a gap in outreach with the interfaith community.
- 4. CAC needs to have a voice in the community, and the freedom to speak out on issues.

#### **E) WATERWAYS MANAGEMENT**

- 1. Sedimentation is a critical issues to address. It starts with landuse, but there is a knowledge gap on the rate of sedimentation.
- 2. Riparian and wetland margins will be protected if we institute reduced speed for watercraft in sensitive areas. Watercraft increases the rate of erosion/sedimentation.
- 3. Shellfish monitoring for consumption needed for metals (Arsenic and Selenium).